

stock market or the bond market or borrowing overseas, they are doing quite well. People say: You worry too much. There is no inflation. No matter what you say about the money supply and all of these things you talk about, there is no inflation, do not worry about it. Inflation deals with money, not prices.

So as I said earlier, I believe prices are going up much faster than people will admit; but at the same time, the supply of money and credit continues to expand. So we will have to eventually address these problems. I think it will be up to us as Members of Congress to at least make some plans. Because if we do not, if we do not make the plans, I see this as a serious, serious threat to our personal liberties.

Mr. Speaker, it will not be a simple reform that we need. We have to do something more than that. We have to start thinking about what do we need to do to really change the course. Is there anything wrong with addressing the subject of individual liberty? Is there anything wrong with talking about the value and the importance of sound money? I claim there is nothing wrong with that, but there is very little debate. There is very little debate among our committee members and in our committees to address this. It is usually, how do we tide ourselves over? How do we modify this so slight a degree?

But the time will come, the time will come, because we will go bankrupt, because no country has ever done this before. No country can live beyond its means endlessly. No country can spend and inflate and destroy its money. There will be this transfer of wealth. It happened in many, many countries in this century. Of course, one example of the 20th century was the German inflation, and then there has to always be a scapegoat. The middle class suffers the most. Somebody has to be blamed.

Currently today, I see a trend toward those of us who advocate limited government, those who detest big government as becoming the scapegoat saying, oh, you individuals who are against big government, you are the people who cause trouble, you cause unhappiness. That is not the case. People are unhappy. I meet them all the time because they are having a difficult time making it in this day and age. Who knows who the next scapegoat will be, but there will be one.

Mr. Speaker, the middle class in America will have to eventually join in the reforms that we need. The reforms can be all positive. There is nothing wrong with advocating limited government. There is nothing wrong in the American spirit to advocate the Constitution. There is nothing wrong with the American tradition that says work is good. And there is something wrong with a system that endorses and encourages and pushes the idea that we have the right to somebody else's life and somebody else's earnings. I do not believe that is the case. I think that is

morally wrong. I do not believe it has been permitted under the Constitution, and it also leads to trouble. If it led to prosperity, it would be a harder argument for me. But if it leads to trouble and it leads to people being undermined in their financial security and in their economic security, then we have to do something else.

I would like to invite those who expressed deep concern about the poor and those who advocate more programs, more welfare programs, I would like to suggest they need to look at monetary policy. They need to look at deficits, and they need to realize that wealth has to be created. And if we truly do care about the poor people in this country, and if we do care about the people trying to build homes, public housing obviously has not worked. We have been doing public houses now and spent nearly \$600 billion, and there is no sign that we have done much for the people that we have given public housing to.

We have spent \$5 trillion on welfare. There are more homeless than ever. The educational system is worse than ever. Yet we do not really say, well, what should we do differently? Sometimes we will say, well, let us take the management and change the management. Let us take the bureaucrats from Washington and put them in the States. Let us do block grants. Let us make a few minor adjustments and everything is going to be OK, and it will not be.

We will not make it OK until we address the subject of what kind of a society we want to live in. I want to live in a free society. Fortunately for me, as a Member of Congress, and as one who has sworn to uphold the Constitution, this is an easy argument. It should be an easy argument for all of my colleagues who would say, yes, I have sworn to uphold the Constitution, I believe in America, I believe in hard work. But why do you vote for all of these other programs? Why do you vote for all of the deficits? Why are we getting ready to vote for more taxes soon? Why are we voting a supplemental appropriation? Why are we doing these things if we really are serious? I have not yet seen any serious attempt to cut back on spending and cut back on taxes.

Mr. Speaker, someday we will have to do it. The sooner, the better. If we do it in a graceful manner, there is no pain and suffering. The American people will not suffer if we cut their taxes. The American people will not suffer if we lower the amount of regulations. The American people will not suffer if we get out of their lives and not give them 100,000 regulations to follow day in and day out. The American people will not suffer if the Federal Government gets out of the management of education and medicine. That is the day I am waiting for and the day I am working for. Hopefully, I will get other Members of Congress here to join me in this effort to support the concepts and the principles of individual freedom.

#### SPECIAL ORDERS GRANTED

By unanimous consent, permission to address the House, following the legislative program and any special orders heretofore entered, was granted to:

(The following Member (at his own request) to revise and extend his remarks and include extraneous material:)

Mr. JONES, for 5 minutes, today.

#### EXTENSION OF REMARKS

By unanimous consent, permission to revise and extend remarks was granted to:

(The following Members (at the request of Mr. JONES) and to include extraneous matter:)

Mr. FRANK of Massachusetts.

Mr. CLEMENT.

Mr. STOKES.

(The following Members (at the request of Mr. PAUL) and to include extraneous matter:)

Mr. GREENWOOD.

Mr. EHRlich.

Mr. THOMAS.

Mr. STOKES.

Mr. COYNE.

Mr. CLEMENT in two instances.

Mr. ETHERIDGE.

Mr. FORD.

#### SENATE BILL REFERRED

A bill of the Senate of the following title as taken from the Speaker's table and, under the rule, referred as follows:

S. 562. An act to amend section 255 of the National Housing Act to prevent the funding of unnecessary or excessive costs for obtaining a home equity conversion mortgage; to the Committee on Banking and Financial Services.

#### ENROLLED BILL SIGNED

Mr. THOMAS, from the Committee on House Oversight, reported that that committee had examined and found truly enrolled a bill of the House of the following title, which was thereupon signed by the Speaker:

H.R. 1225. An act to make a technical correction to title 28, United States Code, relating to jurisdiction for lawsuits against terrorist states.

#### BILL PRESENTED TO THE PRESIDENT

Mr. THOMAS, from the Committee on House Oversight, reported that that committee did on the following date present to the President, for his approval, a bill of the House of the following title:

On April 25, 1997:

H.R. 1225. An act to make a technical correction to title 28, United States Code, relating to jurisdiction for lawsuits against terrorist states.

#### ADJOURNMENT

Mr. PAUL. Mr. Speaker, I move that the House do now adjourn.

The motion was agreed to; accordingly (at 3 o'clock and 25 minutes p.m.), under its previous order, the House adjourned until tomorrow, Tuesday, April 29, 1997, at 12:30 p.m.

#### EXECUTIVE COMMUNICATIONS ETC.

Under clause 2 of rule XXIV, executive communications were taken from the Speaker's table and referred as follows:

2983. A letter from the Administrator, Agricultural Marketing Service, transmitting the Service's final rule—Amendment to Cotton Board Rules and Regulations Regarding Import Assessment Exemptions [CN-96-007] received April 28, 1997, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Agriculture.

2984. A letter from the Congressional Review Coordinator, Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service, transmitting the Service's final rule—Genetically Engineered Organisms and Products; Simplification of Requirements and Procedures for Genetically Engineered Organisms [APHIS Docket No. 95-040-2] (RIN: 0579-AA73) received April 28, 1997, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Agriculture.

2985. A letter from the Congressional Review Coordinator, Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service, transmitting the Service's final rule—Garbage; Disposal by Cruise Ships in Landfills at Alaskan Ports [APHIS Docket No. 93-037-2] received April 28, 1997, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Agriculture.

2986. A letter from the Director, Office of Regulatory Management and Information, Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting the Agency's final rule—Kaolin; Pesticide Tolerance Exemption [OPP-300477; FRL-5712-8] (RIN: 2070-AB78) received April 22, 1997, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Agriculture.

2987. A letter from the Director, Office of Regulatory Management and Information, Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting the Agency's final rule—Oxyfluorfen; Pesticide Tolerance for Emergency Exemption [OPP-300478; FRL-5713-1] (RIN: 2070-AB78) received April 22, 1997, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Agriculture.

2988. A letter from the Director, Office of Regulatory Management and Information, Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting the Agency's final rule—Fenoxycarb; Pesticide Tolerances for Emergency Exemptions [OPP-300476; FRL-5712-7] (RIN: 2070-AB78) received April 22, 1997, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Agriculture.

2989. A letter from the Director, Office of Regulatory Management and Information, Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting the Agency's final rule—Imidacloprid; Pesticide Tolerance [OPP-300468; FRL-5599-5] (RIN: 2070-AB78) received April 22, 1997, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Agriculture.

2990. A letter from the Acting Administrator, Farm Service Agency, transmitting the Agency's final rule—Amendments to the Regulations for the Nonrecourse Cotton Loan and Loan Deficiency Payment Programs [Workplan Number 97-001] (RIN: 0560-AF12) received April 22, 1997, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Agriculture.

2991. A letter from the Director, Office of Regulatory Management and Information, Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting the Agency's final rule—Approval and

Promulgation of Implementation Plans and Designation of Areas for Air Quality Planning Purposes; State of Louisiana; Approval of the Maintenance Plan for Calcasieu Parish; Redesignation of Calcasieu Parish to Attainment of Ozone [LA-38-1-7322; FRL-5814-3] received April 25, 1997, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Commerce.

2992. A letter from the Associate Managing Director, Performance Evaluation and Records Management, Federal Communications Commission, transmitting the Commission's final rule—Administration of the North American Numbering Plan Carrier Identification Codes (CIC's); Petition for Rulemaking of VarTec Telecom., Inc. [CC Docket No. 92-237] received April 22, 1997, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Commerce.

2993. A letter from the Acting Associate Managing Director for Performance Evaluations and Records Management, Federal Communications Commission, transmitting the Commission's final rule—Implementation of Sections of the Cable Television Consumer Protection and Competition Act of 1992—Rate Regulation; Uniform Rate-Setting Methodology [CS Docket No. 95-174] received April 22, 1997, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Commerce.

2994. A letter from the Associate Managing Director, Performance Evaluation and Records Management, Federal Communications Commission, transmitting the Commission's final rule—Toll Free Service Access Codes [CC Docket No. 95-155] received April 22, 1997, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Commerce.

2995. A letter from the Associate Managing Director, Performance Evaluation and Records Management, Federal Communications Commission, transmitting the Commission's final rule—Accounting for Judgments and Other Costs Associated with Litigation [CC Docket No. 93-240] received April 22, 1997, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Commerce.

2996. A letter from the Associate Managing Director, Performance Evaluation and Records Management, Federal Communications Commission, transmitting the Commission's final rule—Regulatory Treatment of LEC Provision of Interexchange Services Originating in the LEC's Local Exchange Area and Policy and Rules Concerning the Interstate, Interexchange Marketplace [CC Docket No. 96-149 and CC Docket No. 96-61] received April 25, 1997, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Commerce.

2997. A letter from the Associate Managing Director, Performance Evaluation and Records Management, Federal Communications Commission, transmitting the Commission's final rule—Amendment of Parts 2 and 15 of the Commission's Rules Regarding Spread Spectrum Transmitters [ET Docket No. 96-8, RM-8435, RM-8608, RM-8609] received April 25, 1997, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Commerce.

2998. A letter from the Director, Office of Legislative Affairs, Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, transmitting the Corporation's final rule—Government Securities Sales Practices [12 CFR Part 368] (RIN: 3064-AB66) received March 21, 1997, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Commerce.

2999. A communication from the President of the United States, transmitting the bi-monthly report on progress toward a negotiated settlement of the Cyprus question, including any relevant reports from the Secretary General of the United Nations, pursuant to 22 U.S.C. 2373(c); to the Committee on International Relations.

3000. A letter from the Auditor, District of Columbia, transmitting a copy of a report entitled "University of the District of Co-

lumbia Report of Revenues and Expenditures for the Graduate Program for Academic Years 94-95 and 95-96," pursuant to D.C. Code, section 47-117(d); to the Committee on Government Reform and Oversight.

3001. A letter from the General Counsel, Department of Transportation, transmitting the Department's final rule—Public Availability of Information [Docket No. OST-96-1430] (RIN: 2105-AC58) received April 28, 1997, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Government Reform and Oversight.

3002. A letter from the Director, Office of Personnel Management, transmitting the Office's final rule—Summer Employment [5 CFR Parts 213 and 338] (RIN: 3206-AG21) received April 28, 1997, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Government Reform and Oversight.

3003. A letter from the Director, Office of Personnel Management, transmitting the Office's final rule—Administration and General Provisions—Administration [5 CFR Part 831] (RIN: 3206-AH66) received April 28, 1997, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Government Reform and Oversight.

3004. A letter from the Assistant Secretary for Land and Minerals Management, Department of the Interior, transmitting notice on leasing systems for the Cook Inlet, sale 149, scheduled to be held in June 1997, pursuant to 43 U.S.C. 1337(a)(8); to the Committee on Resources.

3005. A letter from the Assistant Secretary for Land and Minerals Management, Department of the Interior, transmitting a draft of proposed legislation to amend the Wild and Scenic Rivers Act of 1968 to designate portions of 13 river areas, containing some 25 segments, in Arizona as components of the National Wild and Scenic Rivers System, and several supporting documents that provide background information; to the Committee on Resources.

3006. A letter from the General Counsel, Department of Transportation, transmitting the Department's final rule—Airworthiness Directives; Airbus Model A310 Series Airplanes (Federal Aviation Administration) [Docket No. 96-NM-169-AD; Amdt. 39-9999; AD 97-09-03] (RIN: 2120-AA64) received April 24, 1997, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

3007. A letter from the General Counsel, Department of Transportation, transmitting the Department's final rule—Airworthiness Directives; Boeing Model 777-200 Series Airplanes (Federal Aviation Administration) [Docket No. 97-NM-60-AD] (RIN: 2120-AA64) received April 24, 1997, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

3008. A letter from the General Counsel, Department of Transportation, transmitting the Department's final rule—Airworthiness Directives; McDonnell Douglas Model DC-9-80 Series Airplane and Model MD-88 Airplanes (Federal Aviation Administration) [Docket No. 97-NM-61-AD] (RIN: 2120-AA64) received April 24, 1997, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

3009. A letter from the General Counsel, Department of Transportation, transmitting the Department's final rule—Airworthiness Directives; CFM International CFM56-3, -3B, and -3C Series Turbofan Engines (Federal Aviation Administration) [Docket No. 95-ANE-44; Amdt. 39-9989; AD 97-08-01] (RIN: 2120-AA64) received April 24, 1997, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

3010. A letter from the General Counsel, Department of Transportation, transmitting the Department's final rule—Airworthiness Directives; Airbus Model A300, A300-600,